

A Geno Technology, Inc. (USA) brand name

Safety Data Sheet

Cat. # BC98

ß-Mercaptoethanol

Size: 100ml



Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 10/09/2015 Revision date: 05/11/2017 Version: 7.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Substance

Substance name : 2-mercaptoethanol

 CAS-No.
 : 60-24-2

 Product code
 : P001_103M

 Formula
 : C2H6OS

Synonyms : 1-ethanol-2-thiol / 1-hydroxy-2-mercaptoethane / 1-mercapto-2-hydroxyethane / 2-hydroxy-1-

ethanethiol / 2-hydroxyethanethiol / 2-hydroxyethyl mercaptan / 2-ME / 2-mercapto-1-ethanol / 2-mercaptoethanol / 2-mercaptoethyl alcohol / 2-thioethanol / beta-hydroxyethanethiol / beta-hydroxyethylmercaptan / beta-mercaptoethanol / BME / emery 5791 / ethanol, 2-mercapto- / ethylene glycol, monothio- / ethylene thioglycol / hydroxyethyl mercaptan / mercapto-2 ethanol /

METH / monothioethyleneglycol / monothioglycol / thioethylene glycol / thioglycol /

thiomonoglycol / USAF EK-4196

BIG No : 10274

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Solvent

Pesticide: intermediate product

1.3. Supplier

Geno Technology, Inc./ G-Biosciences 9800 Page Avenue

Saint Louis, 63132-1429 - United States T 800-628-7730 - F 314-991-1504

technical@GBiosciences.com - www.GBiosciences.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (USA/Canada), +1-703-527-3887 (Intl)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 4

Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3

Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3

Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3

Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3

Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3

H331

Toxic in contact with skin H331

Toxic if inhaled

Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
H315
Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
H318
Causes serious eye damage

Skin sensitization, category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
H373 May cause damage to organs throu

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H400 Very toxic to aquatic life

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)











Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H227 - Combustible liquid

H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

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H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor

P311 - Call a poison center or doctor

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)

P322 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P361+P364 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type

: Mono-constituent

Name	Common Name (Synonyms)	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
2-mercaptoethanol (Main constituent)	1-ethanol-2-thiol / 1-hydroxy-2-mercaptoethane / 1-mercapto-2-hydroxyethane / 2-hydroxy-1-ethanethiol / 2-hydroxyethanethiol / 2-hydroxyethyl mercaptan / 2-ME / 2-mercaptoethanol / 2-mercaptoethanol / 2-mercaptoethyl alcohol / 2-thioethanol / betahydroxyethanethiol / betahydroxyethanethiol / betahydroxyethylmercaptan / betamercaptoethanol / BME / emery 5791 / ethanol, 2-mercapto- / ethylene glycol , monothio- / ethylene thioglycol / hydroxyethyl mercaptan / mercapto-2 ethanol / METH / monothioethyleneglycol / monothioglycol / thioethylene glycol / thioglycol / thiomonoglycol / USAF EK-4196	(CAS-No.) 60-24-2	100	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

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SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1.	Dageri	mtian of	4.004		measures
4-1-	Descri	mion oi	HIST	ain	measures

First-aid measures general

: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

First-aid measures after inhalation

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Remove the victim into fresh air. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service.

: Wash immediately with lots of water. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing before washing. Consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Take victim to an ophthalmologist. Do not apply neutralizing agents.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms

: Odour tolerance may develop. Toxic if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage. Caution! Substance is absorbed through the skin.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Nausea. Headache. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Vomiting. Respiratory difficulties.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact

: Red skin. Tingling/irritation of the skin. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact Symptoms/effects after ingestion Corrosion of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue.Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Nausea. Abdominal pain.

Chronic symptoms

: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Skin rash/inflammation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher. Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher. Class B foam (alcohol-resistant). Water spray if puddle cannot expand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

 Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion. Water; risk of puddle expansion.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard

: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Material presenting a fire hazard. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Temperature above flashpoint: higher fire/explosion hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Precautionary measures fire

: Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: seal off low-lying areas. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

Firefighting instructions

: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

Protection during firefighting

: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: Gloves. Face-shield. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit.

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Emergency procedures

: Mark the danger area. No naked flames. Wash contaminated clothes. Large spills/in confined spaces: consider evacuation. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case of reactivity hazard: consider evacuation.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.3.

For containment

: Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. If reacting: dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapours. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. On heating: dilute combustible/toxic gases/vapours. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water

Methods for cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: dry sand/earth/vermiculite powdered limestone or saw dust. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Leftovers: neutralize with an aqueous solution of sodium hypochlorite. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

Other information

: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Use earthed equipment. Keep away from naked flames/heat. At temperature > flashpoint: use spark-/explosionproof appliances. In finely divided state: use spark-/explosionproof appliances. Finely divided: keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Exhaust gas must be neutralised. Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain.

Hygiene measures

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.

Maximum storage period

: 24 months

Heat-ignition

: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.

Information on mixed storage

KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. reducing agents. (strong) acids. (strong)

bases. alcohols. water/moisture.

Storage area

Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Store in a dry area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Keep locked up. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with

earthing. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements.

Special rules on packaging SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal

requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

2-mercaptoethanol (60-24-2)

No additional information available

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

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Materials for protective clothing:

GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene. nitrile rubber. PVC. plastics. rubber

Hand protection:

Gloves

Eye protection:

Face shield

Skin and body protection:

Protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

High gas/vapour concentration: full face mask with filter type A

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Liquid.

Color : Colourless to light yellow

Odor : Repulsive odour
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : 4.6 - 6.0 (50 %)
Melting point : < -100 °C

Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : 155.8 °C (1013.3 hPa)

Flash point : 74 °C (Open cup, 1013.25 hPa)

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : < 1

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. Vapor pressure : 1.33 hPa (20 °C)

Vapor pressure at 50 $^{\circ}$ C : 11 hPa Relative vapor density at 20 $^{\circ}$ C : 2.7

Relative density : 1.11 (20 °C)

Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture : 1

Specific gravity / density : 1110 kg/m³ (20 °C)
Molecular mass : 78.13 g/mol

Solubility : Soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in other organic solvents.

Water: 100 g/100ml (20 °C)

Log Pow : -0.056 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 25 °C)

Auto-ignition temperature : 295 $^{\circ}$ C Decomposition temperature : 157 $^{\circ}$ C

Viscosity, kinematic : 2.9 mm²/s (20 °C, Calculated)

Viscosity, dynamic : 0.322 mPa·s (20 °C)

Explosion limits : 2.3 - 18 vol %

Lower explosive limit (LEL): 2.3 vol % UEL: 18 vol %

: No data available : No data available

9.2. Other information

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

VOC content : 100 %

Other properties : Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Slightly volatile. Acid reaction.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire. Reacts violently with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) bases and (strong) reducers. Decomposes slowly on exposure to water (moisture) with (some) acids.

10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to moisture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Toxic if swallowed.

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Toxic in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled.

2-mercaptoethanol (60-24-2)	
LD50 oral rat	98 - 168 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Weight of evidence, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	112 - 224 mg/kg body weight (Other, 24 h, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	2.03 mg/l (Other, 4 h, Rat, Male, Weight of evidence, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	98 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	112 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	2.03 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.03 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

pH: 4.6 - 6.0 (50 %)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 4.6 - 6.0 (50 %)

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Viscosity, kinematic : 2.9 mm²/s (20 °C, Calculated)

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

: Odour tolerance may develop. Toxic if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage. Caution! Substance is absorbed through the skin.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Dry/sore throat. Coughing. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous

membranes. Nausea. Headache. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Vomiting. Respiratory difficulties.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Red skin. Tingling/irritation of the skin. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Corrosion of the eye tissue. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue.

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Nausea. Abdominal pain.

Chronic symptoms : ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Skin rash/inflammation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

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Ecology - general : Dangerous for the environment.

Ecology - air : Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014).

Photolysis in the air. Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No

1005/2009).

Ecology - water : Very toxic to crustacea. Harmful to fishes. Groundwater pollutant. Inhibition of activated sludge.

Harmful to algae.

2-mercaptoethanol (60-24-2)	
LC50 fish 1	37 mg/l (DIN 38412-15, 96 h, Leuciscus idus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.4 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-mercaptoethanol (60-24-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Non degradable in the soil. Not readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.105 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.894 g O ₂ /g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-mercaptoethanol (60-24-2)	
Log Pow	-0.056 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 107, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

2-mercaptoethanol (60-24-2)	
Log Koc	0.122 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Waste treatment methods.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different

types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Remove to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents with energy recovery.

Additional information : Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No

1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN2966 Thioglycol, 6.1, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN2966
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Thioglycol

Class (DOT) : 6.1 - Class 6.1 - Poisonous materials 49 CFR 173.132

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

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Hazard labels (DOT) : 6.1 - Poison



Dangerous for the environment : Yes

Marine pollutant : Yes



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 153
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L
(49 CFR 173.27)

(45 011(175.21)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 2966 thioglycol, 6.1, II, MARINE POLLUTANT/ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

UN-No. (IMDG) : 2966
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : thioglycol

Class (IMDG) : 6.1 - Toxic substances

Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

 EmS-No. (1)
 : F-A

 EmS-No. (2)
 : S-A

 Marine pollutant
 : Yes



Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 2966 Thioglycol, 6.1, II, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

UN-No. (IATA) : 2966
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Thioglycol

Class (IATA) : 6.1 - Toxic Substances

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Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

2-mercaptoethanol (60-24-2)

Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

EU-Regulations

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

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Revision date : 05/11/2017

Full text of H-phrases:

H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard

: 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

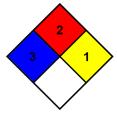
NFPA fire hazard

: 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can

occur

NFPA reactivity

: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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